

Historic Preservation

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Historic Preservation

1. Why preserve?

2. What's historic?

- 3. National Register Designation
- 4. Local Regulation









Only about the past?

Museums

History

Things no longer in use









Or about the present and future

Continued use Adaptive reuse









Preservation not always quantifiable

"The buildings, streets, parks, and monuments that we have inherited—and not merely the best of them, mind you, but rather the most characteristic—nourish us from one ordinary day to the next and so become indispensable to our wellbeing."

Brendan Gill





Preservation and Sustainability

Donovan Rypkema:

- Sustainable development is crucial to economic competitiveness
- Sustainable development is more than just environmental responsibility
- "Green buildings" and sustainable development are not synonyms
- Historic preservation is sustainable development
- Development without a historic preservation component is not sustainable



Preservation and Sustainability

- Small building demo = 1,344,000 aluminum cans
- Construction debris =
 1/3 of all waste in US
- Embodied energy
- Green building construction
- Natural vs. synthetic materials



Preservation and Local Economies

\$1 million and job creation:

- Manufacturing: 9.2 jobs
- New construction: 11.2
- Historic preservation: 14.6





Preservation and Property Values

Values within historic districts appreciate at rates greater than the local market overall

Faster than similar, nondesignated neighborhoods





Preservation and Tourism

Heritage tourists spend 30% more than others and stay nearly twice as long





MAY 19 & 20, 2012 heritageweekend.org



History of the Preservation Movement

Washington's Headquarters, Newburgh, 1850

Mount Vernon Ladies Association, 1853, 1860

Charleston, SC: Historic District Zoning, 1931, 1959

Stockade, Schenectady, 1962



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Pennsylvania Station, 1910 - 1963





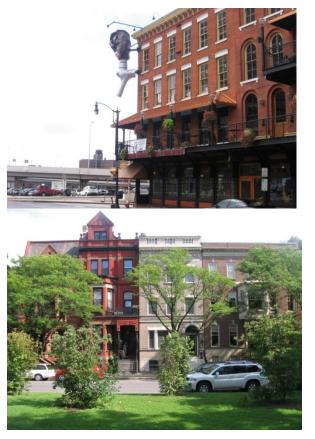






National Historic Preservation Act, 1966

- National historic preservation program
- Policies to protect historic and cultural resources
- Federal-state-tribal-local partnerships
- Section 106 Review
- Stewardship of properties



National Register of Historic Places

- Honor, NOT restriction
- Associated with important events or persons
- Places embodying characteristics of period, method, or "master"
- Likely to reveal history about a place



Eligibility, State, National Register

If determined eligible, then exempt from State Energy Code

If not eligible, local designation allows greater Uniform Code flexibility under Existing Building Code





Appropriateness of Alteration







Less historically appropriate













More historically appropriate













More historically appropriate









Federal Investment Tax Credit

- 20% of rehab of NR-listed incomeproducing buildings
- Subtracted from owners' income taxes
- 5-year restriction for sale, alteration

http://www.nysparks.com/shpo/tax-credit-programs/





NYS Credit, Commercial Buildings

- 20% credit on State taxes
- 30% for projects of less than \$2.5 million
- Eligible census tract (at or below state median income)
- Qualifying work
- Approved Federal Tax Credit Application





Homeownership Tax Credit in NYS

- Owner-occupied
- 20 %
- Census tract at or below state median family income





Homeownership Tax Credit in NYS

- Minimum investment: \$5,000
 - At least 5% exterior

- Tax credit cap: \$50,000
 - Credit, not deduction

Preliminary SHPO approval





NYS Historic Barn Tax Credit

- Barns built or in agricultural service before 1936
- Income-producing
- Rehab can't alter historic appearance
- Not for barns converted to residences





Local Historic Preservation Regulations

Individual buildings or districts

 Often also listed on National Register

 Protection of structure and historic detail

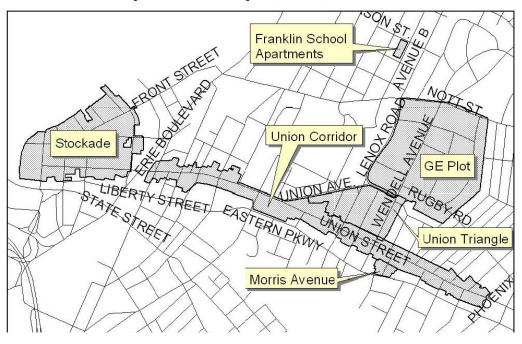




Methods of Regulation

- Zoning
- Overlay
- Landmark controls: GML §96-a and Article 5-K

City of Schenectady Historic Districts





Methods of Review

- Planning Board
 - Site Plan Review
 - Special Use Permit

- Historic District Board (or Design Review, Architectural Review)
 - Referral
- Binding
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Subject to Review

- Roofs and cornices
- Siding and foundation materials
- Porches
- Storefronts
- Windows and doors
- Lighting
- Additions
- New building infill





Reasonableness of Regulation

- Historic preservation a legitimate government objective
- May not render property unsuitable for reasonable use and "take" value
- Reasonable conditions will be upheld





Certified Local Government Program

- Local legislation, separate historic district review commission with qualified members
- Muni/SHPO partnership, muni reports its activities to SHPO
- Technical services
- Reimbursement grants
 - Training for commission members, public education
 - Public education
 - Surveys, NR nomination, historic structure reports, guidelines





Real Property Tax Law §444-a

 Muni can delay increased tax assessment on rehabbed historic properties

 Exempt 100% increased value first 5 years; decreasing 20% over next 5

For work approved by local historic district review boards





Easements, Transfer of Development

 Article 5-K, General Municipal Law: munis may purchase or receive façade easements

 Transfer of development rights for historic properties



Resources

NYS Division of Historic

Preservation

http://nysparks.com/shpo/

518-237-8643

Preservation League of NYS

www.preservenys.org

National Trust for Historic

Preservation

www.preservationnation.org

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation www.achp.gov/

National Alliance of Preservation

Commissions

http://napc.uga.edu/index.htm

Association for Preservation Technology

http://www.aptne.org/

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